

1) a) $\sin 75^\circ = \sin(45^\circ + 30^\circ) = \sin 45^\circ \cos 30^\circ + \cos 45^\circ \sin 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}}$

b) $\sin 15^\circ = \sin(45^\circ - 30^\circ) = \sin 45^\circ \cos 30^\circ - \cos 45^\circ \sin 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}}$

c) $\tan 135^\circ = \tan(180^\circ - 45^\circ) = \frac{\tan 180^\circ - \tan 45^\circ}{1 + \tan 180^\circ \cdot \tan 45^\circ} = \frac{0 - 1}{1 + 0 \cdot 1} = \frac{-1}{1} = \boxed{-1}$

d) $\tan 285^\circ = \tan(-75^\circ) = -\tan 75^\circ = -\frac{\sin 75^\circ}{\cos 75^\circ} = -\frac{\sin 75^\circ}{\sin 15^\circ} = -\frac{\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}}{\frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}} = -\frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}} =$
 $= -\frac{(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2})} = -\frac{(\sqrt{6})^2 + 2\sqrt{6}\sqrt{2} + (\sqrt{2})^2}{(\sqrt{6})^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2} = -\frac{6 + 2\sqrt{12} + 2}{6 - 2} = -\frac{8 + 4\sqrt{3}}{4} = \boxed{-2 - \sqrt{3}}$

2) a) $\cos(3x) = \cos(2x+x) = \cos 2x \cos x - \sin 2x \sin x = (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) \cos x - 2\sin x \cos x \cdot \sin x =$
 $= (\cos^2 x - 1 + \cos^2 x) \cos x - 2\sin^2 x \cos x = (2\cos^2 x - 1) \cos x - 2(1 - \cos^2 x) \cos x =$
 $= (2\cos^3 x - 1 - 2 + 2\cos^2 x) \cos x = \boxed{(4\cos^2 x - 3) \cos x} = \boxed{4\cos^3 x - 3\cos x}$

b) $\cos(4x) = \cos 2(2x) = \cos^2(2x) - \sin^2(2x) = (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x)^2 - (2\sin x \cos x)^2 =$
 $= (\cos^2 x - 1 + \cos^2 x)^2 - 4\sin^2 x \cos^2 x = (2\cos^2 x - 1)^2 - 4(1 - \cos^2 x) \cos^2 x =$
 $= 4\cos^4 x - 4\cos^2 x + 1 - 4\cos^2 x + 4\cos^4 x = \boxed{8\cos^4 x - 8\cos^2 x + 1}$

3) a) $\sin a = \frac{3}{5} \rightarrow \cos a = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{9}{25}} = -\frac{4}{5} \rightarrow \tan a = \frac{3/5}{-4/5} = -\frac{3}{4}$
 $\cos b = \frac{5}{13} \rightarrow \sin b = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{25}{169}} = -\frac{12}{13} \rightarrow \tan b = \frac{-12/13}{5/13} = -\frac{12}{5}$

$\sin(a+b) = \sin a \cdot \cos b + \cos a \cdot \sin b = \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{13} + \frac{-4}{5} \cdot \frac{-12}{13} = \boxed{\frac{63}{65}} = 0.969$

$\tan(a-b) = \frac{\tan a - \tan b}{1 + \tan a \cdot \tan b} = \frac{-3/4 - 12/5}{1 + \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \frac{-12}{5}} = \boxed{\frac{33}{56}} = 0.589$

$\cos(2a+b) = \cos 2a \cos b - \sin 2a \sin b = (\cos^2 a - \sin^2 a) \cdot \cos b - 2\sin a \cos a \sin b =$
 $= \left(\frac{16}{25} - \frac{9}{25}\right) \cdot \frac{5}{13} - 2 \cdot \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{-4}{5} \cdot \frac{-12}{13} = \boxed{-\frac{253}{325}} = -0.779$

b) $\sin a = \frac{3}{5} \rightarrow a = 143'13''$
 $\cos b = \frac{5}{13} \rightarrow b = 292'62''$
 $\sin(a+b) = \sin(143'13'' + 292'62'') = 0.969$
 $\tan(a-b) = \tan(143'13'' - 292'62'') = 0.589$
 $\cos(2a+b) = \cos(2 \cdot 143'13'' + 292'62'') = -0.779$

4) a) $\tan \alpha = -\frac{40}{9} \rightarrow 1 + \left(-\frac{40}{9}\right)^2 = \sec^2 \alpha$; $1 + \frac{1600}{81} = \sec^2 \alpha$; $\sec^2 \alpha = \frac{1681}{81}$;
 $\sec \alpha = -\sqrt{\frac{1681}{81}} = -\frac{41}{9} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\frac{9}{41} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \tan \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha = \frac{-40}{9} \cdot \frac{-9}{41} = \frac{40}{41}$
 $\sin(2\alpha) = 2\sin \alpha \cos \alpha = 2 \cdot \frac{40}{41} \cdot \frac{-9}{41} = \boxed{-\frac{720}{1681}} \approx -0.428$

b) $\tan \alpha = -\frac{40}{9} \rightarrow \alpha = -77'32'' + 180 = 102'68'' \rightarrow \sin(2 \cdot 102'68'') = \boxed{-0.428}$ ✓

5) $\arctg(1/2) + \arctg(1/3) = \pi/4$

$$\operatorname{tg}(\arctg(1/2) + \arctg(1/3)) = \frac{\operatorname{tg}(\arctg(1/2)) + \operatorname{tg}(\arctg(1/3))}{1 - \operatorname{tg}(\arctg(1/2)) \cdot \operatorname{tg}(\arctg(1/3))} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}}{1 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3}} = \frac{\frac{5}{6}}{1 - \frac{1}{6}} = \frac{5/6}{5/6} = 1$$

Cualquier $\arctg x$ toma valores entre $-\pi/2$ y $\pi/2$, por lo tanto, la suma $\arctg(1/2) + \arctg(1/3)$ tomará algún valor entre $-\pi$ y π . En ese intervalo, el único ángulo con tangente igual a 1 es 45° .

Por lo tanto: $\boxed{\arctg(1/2) + \arctg(1/3) = \pi/4}$ ✓

6) a) $\cos 3X = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 3X = \begin{cases} 60^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 300^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; X = \begin{cases} 20^\circ + N \cdot 120^\circ \\ 100^\circ + N \cdot 120^\circ \end{cases}$



$$\boxed{X = \begin{cases} 20^\circ \\ 140^\circ \\ 260^\circ \end{cases}} \\ \boxed{X = \begin{cases} 100^\circ \\ 220^\circ \\ 340^\circ \end{cases}}$$

b) $\sin X \cdot \cos X = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin X = 0 \\ \cos X = 0 \end{cases}$

$$\boxed{X = \begin{cases} 0^\circ \\ 180^\circ \end{cases}} \\ \boxed{X = \begin{cases} 90^\circ \\ 270^\circ \end{cases}}$$

c) $\cos(2X - \pi) = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 2X - 180^\circ = \begin{cases} 120^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 240^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; 2X = \begin{cases} 300^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 420^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; X = \begin{cases} 150^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \\ 210^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \end{cases}$

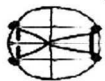


$$\boxed{X = \begin{cases} 150^\circ \\ 330^\circ \end{cases}} \\ \boxed{X = \begin{cases} 210^\circ \\ 30^\circ \end{cases}}$$

d) $\sin X + \cos X = 0; \sin X = -\cos X; \frac{\sin X}{\cos X} = -1; \operatorname{tg} X = -1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 135^\circ \\ 315^\circ \end{cases}$



e) $\cos^2 X = \frac{3}{4}; \cos X = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}; X = \begin{cases} 30^\circ \\ 150^\circ \\ 210^\circ \\ 330^\circ \end{cases}$



f) $\operatorname{tg} 2X = 1 \Rightarrow 2X = \begin{cases} 45^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 225^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; 2X = 45^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ; X = 22,5^\circ + N \cdot 90^\circ; \boxed{X = \begin{cases} 22,5^\circ \\ 112,5^\circ \\ 202,5^\circ \\ 292,5^\circ \end{cases}}$



g) $\sin \frac{X}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{X}{2} = \begin{cases} 45^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 135^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; X = \begin{cases} 90^\circ + N \cdot 720^\circ \\ 270^\circ + N \cdot 720^\circ \end{cases}; \boxed{X = \begin{cases} 90^\circ \\ 270^\circ \end{cases}}$



h) $\operatorname{ctg} X + \frac{\sin X}{1 + \cos X} = 2; \frac{\cos X}{\sin X} + \frac{\sin X}{1 + \cos X} = 2; \frac{\cos X + \cos^2 X + \sin^2 X}{\sin X (1 + \cos X)} = 2; \frac{1 + \cos X}{\sin X (1 + \cos X)} = 2;$

$$\frac{1}{\sin X} = 2; \sin X = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{X = \begin{cases} 30^\circ \\ 150^\circ \end{cases}}$$



$$c) \sin(\pi - 3x) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow 180^\circ - 3x = \begin{cases} 225^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 315^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; -3x = \begin{cases} 45^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 135^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases};$$



$$x = \begin{cases} -15^\circ + N \cdot 120^\circ \\ -45^\circ + N \cdot 120^\circ \end{cases} \quad \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 105^\circ \\ 225^\circ \\ 345^\circ \end{cases}} \quad \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 75^\circ \\ 195^\circ \\ 315^\circ \end{cases}}$$

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a) $\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = \frac{1}{2}$

$$\cos 2x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 2x = \begin{cases} 60^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 300^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; x = \begin{cases} 30^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \\ 150^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \end{cases};$$



$$\boxed{x = \begin{cases} 30^\circ \\ 210^\circ \\ 150^\circ \\ 330^\circ \end{cases}}; \boxed{x = \begin{cases} \pi/6 \\ 7\pi/6 \\ 5\pi/6 \\ 11\pi/6 \end{cases}}$$

También:

$$\cos^2 x - (1 - \cos^2 x) = \frac{1}{2}; 2\cos^2 x - 1 = \frac{1}{2}; 2\cos^2 x = \frac{3}{2}; \cos^2 x = \frac{3}{4};$$

$$\cos x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 30^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 150^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 210^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 330^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; x = \begin{cases} 30^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \\ 150^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \end{cases} \checkmark$$



b) $\sin x - \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$$(\sin x - \cos x)^2 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2; \sin^2 x - 2\sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{2}; 1 - 2\sin x \cos x = \frac{1}{2};$$

$$2\sin x \cos x = \frac{1}{2}; \sin 2x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow 2x = \begin{cases} 30^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 150^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}; x = \begin{cases} 15^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \\ 75^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \end{cases}; x = \begin{cases} 15^\circ \\ 195^\circ \\ 75^\circ \\ 255^\circ \end{cases}$$



Como elevamos al cuadrado, hay que comprobar:

$$\sin 15^\circ - \cos 15^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \neq \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin 195^\circ - \cos 195^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \checkmark$$

$$\sin 75^\circ - \cos 75^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \checkmark$$

$$\sin 255^\circ - \cos 255^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \neq \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\boxed{x = \begin{cases} 75^\circ \\ 195^\circ \end{cases}}; \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 5\pi/12 \\ 13\pi/12 \end{cases}}$$

c) $\tan x \cdot \sec x = \sqrt{2}$

$$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} = \sqrt{2}; \sin x = \sqrt{2} \cos^2 x; \sin x = \sqrt{2}(1 - \sin^2 x); \sqrt{2} \sin^2 x + \sin x - \sqrt{2} = 0$$

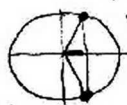
$$\sin x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4(\sqrt{2})^2}}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{2\sqrt{2}} = \begin{cases} \frac{-4}{2\sqrt{2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} & \text{Porque lo menor fue -1.} \\ \frac{2}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 225^\circ \\ 135^\circ \end{cases}}; \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 5\pi/4 \\ 3\pi/4 \end{cases}}$$

d)

$$3 \ln x = 2 \sec x - 5$$

$$3 \ln x = \frac{2}{\ln x} - 5 ; 3 \ln^2 x = 2 - 5 \ln x ; 3 \cos^2 x + 5 \ln x - 2 = 0$$

$$\ln x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25+24}}{6} = \frac{-5 \pm 7}{6} \begin{cases} \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{12}{6} = -2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 71^\circ \\ 289^\circ \end{cases}} ; \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 1,23 \text{ rad} \\ 5,05 \text{ rad} \end{cases}}$$



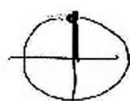
e)

$$\log_2 \ln x + 1 = \log_2 \ln \sec x$$

$$\log_2 \ln x - \log_2 \ln \sec x = -1 ; \log_2 \frac{\ln x}{\ln \sec x} = -1 ; \frac{\ln x}{\ln \sec x} = 2^{-1} ; \frac{\ln x}{\ln \sec x} = \frac{1}{2} ;$$

$$2 \ln x = \ln \sec x ; 2 \ln x = \frac{1}{\sin x} ; 2 \sin x \ln x = 1 ; \sin 2x = 1 \Rightarrow$$

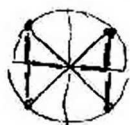
$$\Rightarrow 2x = 90^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ ; x = 45^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ ; \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 45^\circ \\ 225^\circ \end{cases}} ; \boxed{x = \begin{cases} \pi/4 \text{ rad} \\ 5\pi/4 \text{ rad} \end{cases}}$$



f)

$$\tan^2 2x = 1$$

$$\tan 2x = \pm 1 ; 2x = \begin{cases} 45^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 225^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 135^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \\ 315^\circ + N \cdot 360^\circ \end{cases}$$



$$x = \begin{cases} 22,5^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \\ 112,5^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \\ 67,5^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \\ 157,5^\circ + N \cdot 180^\circ \end{cases}$$

$$x = \begin{cases} 22,5^\circ \\ 202,5^\circ \\ 112,5^\circ \\ 242,5^\circ \\ 67,5^\circ \\ 247,5^\circ \\ 157,5^\circ \\ 337,5^\circ \end{cases}$$

$$x = \begin{cases} \pi/8 \\ 9\pi/8 \\ 5\pi/8 \\ 13\pi/8 \\ 3\pi/8 \\ 11\pi/8 \\ 7\pi/8 \\ 15\pi/8 \end{cases} \text{ rad}$$

$$g) \cos^2 \frac{x}{2} - \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} = \sin x ; \cos 2\frac{x}{2} = \sin x ; \ln x = \sin x ; 1 = \tan x \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 45^\circ \\ 225^\circ \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \pi/4 \\ 5\pi/4 \end{cases} \text{ rad}$$

h)

$$\cos(2x) + \sin x = 4 \sin^2 x$$

$$\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x + \sin x = 4 \sin^2 x ; 1 - \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x + \sin x = 4 \sin^2 x ; -6 \sin^2 x + \sin x + 1 = 0 ;$$

$$\sin x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+24}}{-12} = \frac{-1 \pm 5}{-12} \begin{cases} \frac{-4}{-12} = -\frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 340,53^\circ = 1,89\pi \\ 159,47^\circ = 1,11\pi \end{cases} \\ \frac{-6}{-12} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 30^\circ = \pi/6 \\ 150^\circ = 5\pi/6 \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

i)

$$\tan(2x) = -\tan x$$

$$\frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = -\tan x ; 2 \tan x = -\tan x + \tan^3 x ; 3 \tan x - \tan^3 x = 0 ; \tan x \cdot (3 - \tan^2 x) = 0$$

$$\tan x \cdot (3 - \tan^2 x) = 0 \begin{cases} \tan x = 0 \rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 0 \\ \pi \end{cases} \\ \tan^2 x = 3 ; \tan x = \begin{cases} \sqrt{3} \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{cases} \rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 60^\circ = \pi/3 \\ 240^\circ = 4\pi/3 \\ 120^\circ = 2\pi/3 \\ 300^\circ = 5\pi/3 \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

8) a) $4 \cos(2x) - 3 \sin x \csc^3 x + 6 = 0$

$$4(\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) - 3 \sin x \frac{1}{\sin^3 x} + 6 = 0 ; 4(1 - 2\sin^2 x) - \frac{3 \sin x}{\sin^3 x} + 6 = 0$$

$$4 - 8\sin^2 x - \frac{3}{\sin^2 x} + 6 = 0 ; 10 - 8\sin^2 x - \frac{3}{\sin^2 x} = 0$$

$t = \sin x$ $10 - 8t^2 - \frac{3}{t^2} = 0 ; 10t^2 - 8t^4 - 3 = 0 ; 8t^4 - 10t^2 + 3 = 0$ ✓

b) $t^2 = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{100 - 96}}{16} = \frac{10 \pm 2}{16}$
 $\frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow t = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow \sin x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $\frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow t = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow \sin x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $x = \begin{cases} \pi/3 \\ 2\pi/3 \\ \pi/4 \\ 3\pi/4 \end{cases} \quad x \in [0, \pi]$

9) a) $\frac{\sin(2\alpha)}{1 + \cos(2\alpha)} = \frac{2\sin\alpha \cos\alpha}{1 + \cos^2\alpha - \sin^2\alpha} = \frac{2\sin\alpha \cos\alpha}{1 + \cos^2\alpha - 1 + \sin^2\alpha} = \frac{2\sin\alpha \cos\alpha}{2\sin^2\alpha} = \tan\alpha$ ✓

b) $\cot(\pi/8) = \frac{1}{\tan(\pi/8)} = \frac{1}{\frac{\sin(2\pi/8)}{1 + \cos(2\pi/8)}} = \frac{1 + \cos(\pi/4)}{\sin(\pi/4)} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{2}/2}{\sqrt{2}/2} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} =$
 $= \frac{(2 + \sqrt{2})\sqrt{2}}{(\sqrt{2})^2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} + 2}{2} = \boxed{1 + \sqrt{2}} \quad \begin{matrix} a=1 \\ b=1 \end{matrix}$

10) a) He listado en una hoja de cálculo ángulos, de grado en grado, de 0° a 360° poniendo a su derecha el valor de $5\cos x - 12\sin x$. El menor valor resulta ser -12.9997 para un ángulo de 113° mientras que el mayor valor es 12.9997 para 293° . Con el mismo programa de hoja de cálculo he representado estos valores, resultando puntos que perfilan una senoide.

b) $5\cos x - 12\sin x = A\cos(x + \alpha)$

$$5\cos x - 12\sin x = A\cos x \cos \alpha - A\sin x \sin \alpha$$

$$\begin{matrix} 5 = A \cos \alpha & \rightarrow & A = \frac{5}{\cos \alpha} \\ 12 = A \sin \alpha & \rightarrow & 12 = \frac{5}{\cos \alpha} \cdot \sin \alpha ; \frac{12}{5} = \tan \alpha \Rightarrow \alpha = 67'38'' \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 25 = A^2 \cos^2 \alpha \\ + 144 = A^2 \sin^2 \alpha \\ \hline 169 = A^2 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \boxed{A = 13}$$

$$\boxed{5\cos x - 12\sin x = 13 \cdot \cos(x + 67'38'')}$$

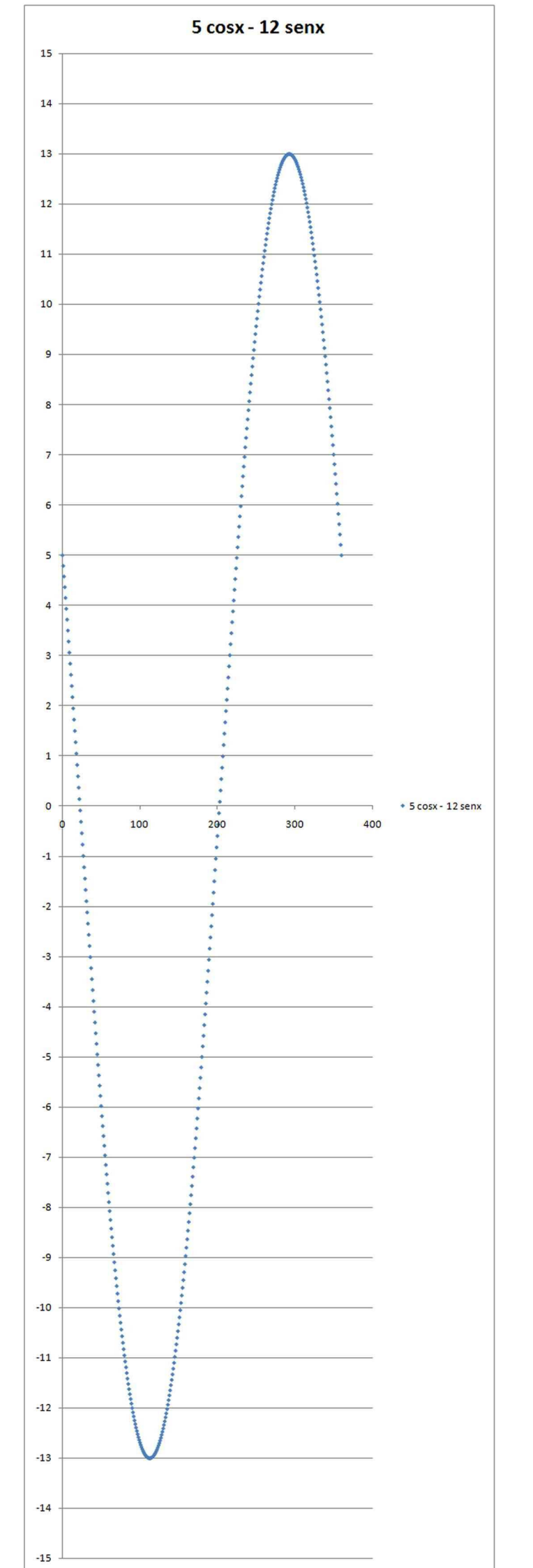
El mayor valor de $5\cos x - 12\sin x$ será 13, para $x + 67'38'' = 0^\circ \Rightarrow x = -67'38'' = \boxed{293^\circ}$

El menor valor de $5\cos x - 12\sin x$ será -13, para $x + 67'38'' = 180^\circ \Rightarrow \boxed{x = 113^\circ}$

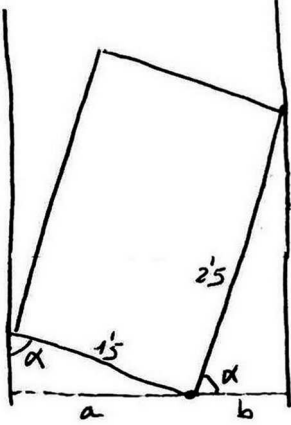
c) $5\cos x - 12\sin x = -2 \Rightarrow 13 \cdot \cos(x + 67'38'') = -2 \Rightarrow \cos(x + 67'38'') = -\frac{2}{13} \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow x + 67'38'' = \begin{cases} 98'85'' \\ 261'15'' \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{x = \begin{cases} 31^\circ \\ 194^\circ \end{cases}}$$

	5 cosx - 12 senx	x	5 cosx - 12 senx	x	5 cosx - 12 senx	x	5 cosx - 12 senx
0	5,0000	90	-12,0000	180	-5,0000	270	12,0000
1	4,7898	91	-12,0854	181	-4,7898	271	12,0854
2	4,5782	92	-12,1672	182	-4,5782	272	12,1672
3	4,3651	93	-12,2452	183	-4,3651	273	12,2452
4	4,1507	94	-12,3196	184	-4,1507	274	12,3196
5	3,9351	95	-12,3901	185	-3,9351	275	12,3901
6	3,7183	96	-12,4569	186	-3,7183	276	12,4569
7	3,5003	97	-12,5199	187	-3,5003	277	12,5199
8	3,2813	98	-12,5791	188	-3,2813	278	12,5791
9	3,0612	99	-12,6344	189	-3,0612	279	12,6344
10	2,8403	100	-12,6859	190	-2,8403	280	12,6859
11	2,6184	101	-12,7336	191	-2,6184	281	12,7336
12	2,3958	102	-12,7773	192	-2,3958	282	12,7773
13	2,1724	103	-12,8172	193	-2,1724	283	12,8172
14	1,9484	104	-12,8532	194	-1,9484	284	12,8532
15	1,7238	105	-12,8852	195	-1,7238	285	12,8852
16	1,4987	106	-12,9133	196	-1,4987	286	12,9133
17	1,2731	107	-12,9375	197	-1,2731	287	12,9375
18	1,0471	108	-12,9578	198	-1,0471	288	12,9578
19	0,8208	109	-12,9741	199	-0,8208	289	12,9741
20	0,5942	110	-12,9864	200	-0,5942	290	12,9864
21	0,3675	111	-12,9948	201	-0,3675	291	12,9948
22	0,1406	112	-12,9992	202	-0,1406	292	12,9992
23	-0,0862	113	-12,9997	203	0,0862	293	12,9997
24	-0,3131	114	-12,9962	204	0,3131	294	12,9962
25	-0,5399	115	-12,9888	205	0,5399	295	12,9888
26	-0,7665	116	-12,9774	206	0,7665	296	12,9774
27	-0,9929	117	-12,9620	207	0,9929	297	12,9620
28	-1,2189	118	-12,9427	208	1,2189	298	12,9427
29	-1,4446	119	-12,9195	209	1,4446	299	12,9195
30	-1,6699	120	-12,8923	210	1,6699	300	12,8923
31	-1,8946	121	-12,8612	211	1,8946	301	12,8612
32	-2,1188	122	-12,8262	212	2,1188	302	12,8262
33	-2,3423	123	-12,7872	213	2,3423	303	12,7872
34	-2,5651	124	-12,7444	214	2,5651	304	12,7444
35	-2,7872	125	-12,6977	215	2,7872	305	12,6977
36	-3,0083	126	-12,6471	216	3,0083	306	12,6471
37	-3,2286	127	-12,5927	217	3,2286	307	12,5927
38	-3,4479	128	-12,5344	218	3,4479	308	12,5344
39	-3,6661	129	-12,4724	219	3,6661	309	12,4724
40	-3,8832	130	-12,4065	220	3,8832	310	12,4065
41	-4,0992	131	-12,3368	221	4,0992	311	12,3368
42	-4,3138	132	-12,2634	222	4,3138	312	12,2634
43	-4,5272	133	-12,1862	223	4,5272	313	12,1862
44	-4,7392	134	-12,1054	224	4,7392	314	12,1054
45	-4,9497	135	-12,0208	225	4,9497	315	12,0208
46	-5,1588	136	-11,9326	226	5,1588	316	11,9326
47	-5,3663	137	-11,8407	227	5,3663	317	11,8407
48	-5,5721	138	-11,7453	228	5,5721	318	11,7453
49	-5,7762	139	-11,6463	229	5,7762	319	11,6463
50	-5,9786	140	-11,5437	230	5,9786	320	11,5437
51	-6,1791	141	-11,4376	231	6,1791	321	11,4376
52	-6,3778	142	-11,3280	232	6,3778	322	11,3280
53	-6,5746	143	-11,2150	233	6,5746	323	11,2150
54	-6,7693	144	-11,0985	234	6,7693	324	11,0985
55	-6,9619	145	-10,9787	235	6,9619	325	10,9787
56	-7,1525	146	-10,8555	236	7,1525	326	10,8555
57	-7,3409	147	-10,7290	237	7,3409	327	10,7290
58	-7,5270	148	-10,5993	238	7,5270	328	10,5993
59	-7,7108	149	-10,4663	239	7,7108	329	10,4663
60	-7,8923	150	-10,3301	240	7,8923	330	10,3301
61	-8,0714	151	-10,1908	241	8,0714	331	10,1908
62	-8,2480	152	-10,0484	242	8,2480	332	10,0484
63	-8,4221	153	-9,9029	243	8,4221	333	9,9029
64	-8,5937	154	-9,7544	244	8,5937	334	9,7544
65	-8,7626	155	-9,6030	245	8,7626	335	9,6030
66	-8,9289	156	-9,4486	246	8,9289	336	9,4486
67	-9,0924	157	-9,2913	247	9,0924	337	9,2913
68	-9,2532	158	-9,1312	248	9,2532	338	9,1312
69	-9,4111	159	-8,9683	249	9,4111	339	8,9683
70	-9,5662	160	-8,8027	250	9,5662	340	8,8027
71	-9,7184	161	-8,6344	251	9,7184	341	8,6344
72	-9,8676	162	-8,4635	252	9,8676	342	8,4635
73	-10,0138	163	-8,2900	253	10,0138	343	8,2900
74	-10,1570	164	-8,1140	254	10,1570	344	8,1140
75	-10,2970	165	-7,9355	255	10,2970	345	7,9355
76	-10,4339	166	-7,7545	256	10,4339	346	7,7545
77	-10,5677	167	-7,5713	257	10,5677	347	7,5713
78	-10,6982	168	-7,3857	258	10,6982	348	7,3857
79	-10,8255	169	-7,1978	259	10,8255	349	7,1978
80	-10,9495	170	-7,0078	260	10,9495	350	7,0078
81	-11,0701	171	-6,8157	261	11,0701	351	6,8157
82	-11,1874	172	-6,6214	262	11,1874	352	6,6214
83	-11,3012	173	-6,4252	263	11,3012	353	6,4252
84	-11,4116	174	-6,2270	264	11,4116	354	6,2270
85	-11,5186	175	-6,0268	265	11,5186	355	6,0268
86	-11,6220	176	-5,8249	266	11,6220	356	5,8249
87	-11,7219	177	-5,6212	267	11,7219	357	5,6212
88	-11,8182	178	-5,4157	268	11,8182	358	5,4157
89	-11,9109	179	-5,2087	269	11,9109	359	5,2087
90	-12,0000	180	-5,0000	270	12,0000	360	5,0000



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$$\sin \alpha = \frac{a}{1.5} \rightarrow a = 1.5 \sin \alpha$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{b}{2.5} \rightarrow b = 2.5 \cos \alpha$$

$$2 = 1.5 \sin \alpha + 2.5 \cos \alpha$$

$$4 = 3 \sin \alpha + 5 \cos \alpha \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{4 - 3 \sin \alpha}{5}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \left(\frac{4 - 3 \sin \alpha}{5} \right)^2 = 1$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \frac{16 - 24 \sin \alpha + 9 \sin^2 \alpha}{25} = 1 ; \quad 25 \sin^2 \alpha + 16 - 24 \sin \alpha + 9 \sin^2 \alpha = 25 ;$$

$$34 \sin^2 \alpha - 24 \sin \alpha - 9 = 0 ; \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{24 \pm \sqrt{576 + 1224}}{68} = \begin{cases} 0.98 \Rightarrow \alpha = 77.65^\circ = 77^\circ 38' 59.64'' \\ -0.27 \Rightarrow \alpha = \begin{cases} 344.28 \\ 164.28 \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{los ángulos son: } \boxed{\alpha = 77.65^\circ} \quad \text{y} \quad \boxed{90 - \alpha = 12.35^\circ}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(\alpha - \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} \cdot \frac{3}{\sqrt{3^2 + 2^2}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{3^2 + 4^2}} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{3^2 + 2^2}} = \\ &= \frac{9 + 8}{5\sqrt{13}} = \boxed{\frac{17}{5\sqrt{13}}} \end{aligned}$$